

# LEVENS CE SCHOOL

## SUPPORTING PUPILS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS POLICY AND PROCEDURES

2018/2021

Approved by the Governing Body of Levens CE School, March 2018	
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## Contents

1	Definitions .....	1
2	Statement of Intent .....	1
3	Organisation .....	2
3.1	The Governing Body .....	2
3.2	The Head Teacher .....	3
3.3	School Staff .....	3
3.4	School Nurses and Other Healthcare Professionals .....	4
3.5	Pupils .....	4
3.6	Parents .....	4
4	Arrangements/Procedures .....	4
4.1	Procedure for the Notification that a Pupil has a Medical Condition .....	4
4.2	School Attendance and Re-integration .....	5
4.3	Individual Healthcare Plans (IHCP) .....	5
4.4	Pupils Managing their own Medical Conditions .....	6
4.5	Training .....	6
4.6	Managing Medicines .....	7
4.6.1	Controlled Drugs .....	8
4.7	Record Keeping .....	9
4.8	Emergency Procedures .....	9
4.9	Emergency Salbutamol Inhalers .....	9
4.10	Allergens .....	10
4.10.1	School Meal and Wrap Around Care Providers .....	10
4.10.2	Other Food Handlers .....	10
4.10.3	Emergency Situations .....	10
4.11	Day Trips, Residential Visits and Sporting Activities .....	10
4.12	Other Arrangements .....	11
4.12.1	Home to School Transport .....	11
4.13	Unacceptable Practice .....	11
4.14	Insurance .....	11
4.15	Complaints .....	12
Appendix A:	Process for Developing an Individual Healthcare Plan (IHCP)	
Appendix B:	Individual Healthcare Plan (IHCP)	
Appendix C1:	Parental Consent to Administer Medicine (without medical practitioner signature)	
Appendix C2:	Parental Consent to Administer Medicine (with medical practitioner signature)	

- Appendix D: Record of Medicine Administered to an Individual Child
- Appendix E1: Record of Medicine Administered to All Children
- Appendix F: Staff Training Record – Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions
- Appendix G: Summoning Emergency Services
- Appendix H: Template Letter Inviting Parents to Contribute to the Development of Their Child’s Individual Healthcare Plan

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## 1 Definitions

For the purposes of this document a child, young person, pupil or student is referred to as a 'child' or a 'pupil' and they are normally under 18 years of age.

Wherever the term 'parent' is used this includes any person with parental authority over the child concerned e.g. carers, legal guardians etc.

Wherever the term 'Head teacher' is used this also refers to the Manager with the responsibility for children.

## 2 Statement of Intent

This Policy is based on the statutory Department for Education (DfE) guidance document ['Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions: Statutory guidance for governing bodies of maintained schools and proprietors of academies in England'](#) (April 2014; Revised December 2015) to coincide with the application of section 100 of the Children and Families Act 2014 which came into force on 1 September 2014. Section 100 places a statutory duty on governing bodies to make arrangements to support pupils at school with medical conditions. It will be reviewed regularly and made readily accessible to parents, staff and, where appropriate, other adults working or volunteering in school.

The governors of Levens CE School (hereinafter referred to as 'the school') believe that all children with medical conditions, in terms of both physical and mental health, should be properly supported in school so that they can play a full and active role in school life, remain healthy and achieve their academic potential including access to school trips and physical education (PE).

We understand that the parents of children with medical conditions are often concerned that their child's health will deteriorate when they attend school because they may not receive the on-going support, medicines, monitoring, care or emergency interventions that they need while at school to help them manage their condition and keep them well. This school is committed to ensuring parents feel confident that effective support for their child's medical condition will be provided and that their child will feel safe at school by putting in place suitable arrangements and procedures to manage their needs. We also understand that children's health needs may change over time, in ways that cannot always be predicted, sometimes resulting in extended absences and our arrangements take this into account. We undertake to receive and fully consider advice from involved healthcare professionals and listen to and value the views of parents and pupils. Given that many medical conditions that require support at school affect a child's quality of life and may even be life-threatening, our focus will be on the needs of each individual child and how their medical condition impacts on their school life, be it on a long or short-term basis.

In addition to the educational impacts, we realise that there are social and emotional implications associated with medical conditions. Children may be self-conscious about their condition and some may be bullied or develop emotional disorders such as anxiety or depression around their medical condition. In particular, long-term absences due to health problems affect children's educational attainment, impact on their ability to integrate with their peers and affect their general wellbeing and emotional health. We fully understand that reintegration back into school needs to be properly supported so that children with medical conditions fully engage with learning and do not fall behind when they are unable to attend. Short-term and frequent absences, including those for appointments connected with a pupil's medical condition, (which can often be lengthy) also need to be effectively managed and the support we have in place is aimed at limiting the impact on a child's educational attainment and emotional and general wellbeing.

This school also appreciates that some children with medical conditions may be disabled and their needs must be met under the Equality Act 2010. Some children may also have special educational needs or disabilities (SEND) and may have a Statement of Special Educational Needs, or an Education, Health and Care (EHC) plan which brings together health and social care needs, as well

as their special educational provision. For children with special educational needs or disabilities (SEND), this Policy should be read in conjunction with our SEND Policy and the DfE statutory guidance document '[Special Educational Needs and Disability: Code of Practice 0-25 Years](#)', January 2015.

### 3 Organisation

#### 3.1 The Governing Body

The Governing body is legally responsible and accountable for fulfilling the statutory duty to make arrangements to support pupils with medical conditions in school, including the development and implementation of this Policy.

Supporting a child with a medical condition and ensuring their needs are met effectively, however, is not the sole responsibility of one person - it is the responsibility of the Governing body as a whole to ensure that:

- no child with a medical condition is denied admission or prevented from taking up a place at this school because arrangements to manage their medical condition have not been made while at the same time, in line with safeguarding duties, ensure that **no** pupil's health is put at unnecessary risk, for example, from infectious diseases;
- there is effective cooperative working with others including healthcare professionals, social care professionals (as appropriate), local authorities, parents and pupils as outlined in this Policy;
- there is clear understanding at this setting's strategic level and, where relevant, across all partnership workers that:
  - Local Authorities (LA) and Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCG) must make joint commissioning arrangements for education, health and care provision for children and young people with SEN or disabilities (S26: Children and Families Act 2014);
  - LAs are responsible for commissioning public health services for statutory school-aged children including school nursing, but this does not include clinical support for children in schools who have long-term conditions and disabilities, which remains a CCG commissioning responsibility. When children need care which falls outside the remit of school nurses, e.g. postural support or gastrostomy and tracheostomy care, CCG commissioned arrangements must be adequate to provide the ongoing support essential to the safety of these vulnerable children whilst in school; and
  - Providers of health services should co-operate with school including appropriate communication, liaison with healthcare professionals such as specialists and children's community nurses, as well as participating in locally developed outreach and training.
  - Ofsted will consider how well a setting meets the needs of the pupils with medical conditions, making key judgements informed by the progress and achievement of these children alongside those of pupils with special educational needs and disabilities, and also by pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development.
- sufficient staff have received suitable training and are competent before they take on duties to support children with medical conditions;
- staff who provide such support can access information and other teaching support materials as needed.
- funding arrangements support proper implementation of this Policy e.g. for staff training, resources etc.

These functions can be conferred on an individual governor, a head teacher, a committee or another member of staff as appropriate and the help and cooperation of other appropriate persons

can be enlisted. You should say here whether you have a Lead Governor for supporting pupils with medical conditions and who they are. You are not required to have a Lead Governor for this but you **must** have a named person who has “overall responsibility for Policy implementation”<sup>1</sup> - decide who this person is and name them here **or** name them in the relevant role section below and state clearly there that they hold this specific responsibility.

### 3.2 The Head Teacher

The Head teacher of this school, Jane Farraday has a responsibility to ensure that this Policy is developed and implemented effectively with partners.

To achieve this, the Head teacher will have overall responsibility for the development IHCPs and will make certain that school arrangements include ensuring that:

- all staff are aware of this Policy and understand their role in its implementation;
- all staff and other adults who need to know are aware of a child’s condition including supply staff, peripatetic teachers, coaches etc.;
- where a child needs one, an IHCP is developed with the proper consultation of all people involved, implemented and appropriately monitored and reviewed;
- sufficient trained numbers of staff are available to implement the Policy and deliver against all IHCPs, including in contingency and emergency situations;
- staff are appropriately insured and are aware that they are insured to support pupils in this way;
- appropriate health professionals i.e. the school nursing service are made aware of any child who has a medical condition that may require support at school that has not already been brought to their attention;
- children at risk of reaching the threshold for missing education due to health needs are identified and effective collaborative working with partners such as the Local Authority (LA), alternative education providers e.g. hospital tuition, parents etc., aims to ensure a good education for them;
- risk assessments take account of the need to support pupils with medical conditions as appropriate e.g. educational visits, activities outside the normal timetable etc.

### 3.3 School Staff

Any member of staff may be asked to provide support to pupils with medical conditions, including the administering of medicines, although staff cannot be required to do so. While administering medicines is not part of teachers’ professional duties, they should still take into account the needs of pupils with medical conditions that they teach. Arrangements made in line with this Policy should ensure that we attain our commitment to staff receiving sufficient and suitable training and achieving the necessary level of competency before they take on duties to support children with medical conditions.

Any member of school staff should know what to do and respond accordingly when they become aware that a pupil with a medical condition needs help.

The Headteacher has specific responsibility for the development of IHCPs which are explained in [Section 4.3](#).

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<sup>1</sup> DfE, ‘Supporting Pupils at School with Medical Conditions’, April 2014, p8.

### **3.4 School Nurses and Other Healthcare Professionals**

This school has access to a school nursing service which is responsible for notifying the school when a child has been identified as having a medical condition which will require support. Wherever possible, they should do this before the child starts at school and our arrangements for liaison support this process.

While the school nurse will not have an extensive role in ensuring that this school is taking appropriate steps to support pupils with medical conditions, they are available to support staff on implementing a child's IHCP and provide advice and liaison, for example on training. The school nurse can also liaise with lead clinicians or a child's General Practitioner (GP) locally on appropriate support for the child and associated staff training needs.

### **3.5 Pupils**

It is recognised that the pupil with the medical condition will often be best placed to provide information about how their condition affects them. This school will seek to involve them fully in discussions about their medical support needs at a level appropriate to their age and maturity and, where necessary, with a view to the development of their long-term capability to manage their own condition well. They should contribute as much as possible to the development of, and comply with, their IHCP.

It is also recognised that the sensitive involvement of other pupils in the school may be required not only to support the pupil with the medical condition, but to break down societal myths and barriers and to develop inclusivity.

### **3.6 Parents**

Parents are key partners in the success of this Policy. They may, in some cases, be the first to notify school that their child has a medical condition and where one is required, will be invited to be involved in the drafting, development and review of their child's IHCP.

Parents should provide school with sufficient and up-to-date information about their child's medical needs. They should carry out any action they have agreed to as part of its implementation, e.g. provide medicines and equipment and ensure they or another nominated adult are contactable at all times.

## **4 Arrangements/procedures**

### **4.1 Procedure for the Notification that a Pupil has a Medical Condition**

While it is understood that school does not have to wait for a formal diagnosis before providing support to a pupil because in some cases their medical condition may be unclear or there may be a difference of opinion, judgements will still need to be made about the support to provide and they will require basis in the available evidence. This should involve some form of medical evidence and consultation with parents. Where evidence is conflicting, it is for school to present some degree of challenge in the interests of the child concerned, to get the right support put in place.

- When a pupil enters Levens School they are asked to complete admission forms prior to entry. Medical needs are 'flagged' within this information gathering process. Additionally information is available via the imported CTF from another school and transition meetings when appropriate.
- Following a notification, the Class Teacher and other health professionals, SENCo and Headteacher, will meet with parents to identify needs and a process and to determine if the child concerned requires an IHCP or not and who is responsible for initiating the IHCP process and developing one – parents will be notified and included in any outcome decision even if that be not to instigate an IHCP. Parents will be made aware of what other steps school may take instead to provide the right support including any period of or triggers for a review;

- The school data collection process commences in the term prior to the child starting school with a view to support being in place in time for the start of the relevant school term.
- Where a child receives a new diagnosis or moves to our school mid-term, every effort will be made to ensure that arrangements are put in place within two weeks.

## 4.2 School Attendance and Re-integration

Every LA must have regard to the DfE statutory guidance, '[Ensuring a good education for children who cannot attend school because of health needs](#)', January 2013 and this school undertakes to liaise with the LA to ensure that everyone is working in the best interests of children who may be affected. Where a pupil would not receive a suitable education at this school because of their health needs, the LA has a duty to make other arrangements, when it becomes clear that a child will be away from school for 15 days or more (whether consecutive or cumulative across the school year).

The Headteacher is responsible for advising the LA when a child becomes at risk of missing education for 15 days in any one school year due to their health needs and will set in place processes to keep the child and parents actively engaged in school learning and school life.

Levens school will work proactively with the LA to set up an individually tailored reintegration plan for each child that needs one, actively seeking extra support to help fill any gaps arising from the child's absence and in accordance with equalities legislation to make any *reasonable* adjustments to provide suitable access for the child.

The Headteacher will also consider the emotional needs of children who require re-integration and that such re-integration may not always be as a result of an absence but could be as the result of a serious or embarrassing incident at school such as a widely witnessed epileptic seizure with incontinence.

## 4.3 Individual Healthcare Plans (IHCP)

An IHCP is a working document that will help ensure that this school can effectively support a pupil with a medical condition. It will provide clarity about what needs to be done, when and by whom and aims to capture the steps which school should take to help the child manage their condition and overcome any potential barriers to get the most from their education. It will focus on the child's best interests and help ensure that this school can assesses and manage identified risks to their education, health and social well-being and minimises disruption.

An IHCP will often be essential, such as in cases where conditions fluctuate or where there is a high risk that emergency intervention will be needed, and are likely to be helpful in the majority of other cases, especially where medical conditions are long-term and complex. However, not all children will require one. The school, relevant healthcare professional and parent will need to agree, based on evidence, when an IHCP would be inappropriate or disproportionate. If consensus cannot be reached, the Head teacher is considered best placed to and will take the final view. Our flow chart for identifying and agreeing the support a child needs and developing an IHCP is at Appendix A.

The level of detail within an IHCP will depend on the complexity of the child's condition and the degree of support they need and this is important because different children with the same health condition may require very different support. Where a child has SEND but does not have an EHC Plan, their special educational needs will be mentioned in their IHCP. Where a child has SEN identified in an EHC Plan, the IHCP will be linked to or become part of that EHC Plan.

In general, an IHCP will cover:

- the medical condition, its triggers, signs, symptoms and treatments;
- the pupil's resulting needs, including medicine (dose, side-effects and storage) and other treatments, time, facilities e.g. need for privacy, equipment, testing, access to food and drink (where this is used to manage their condition), dietary requirements and environmental issues

e.g. crowded corridors, travel time between lessons etc. and being added to the register of asthma sufferers who can receive salbutamol where applicable;

- specific support for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs – for example, how absences will be managed, requirements for extra time to complete exams, use of rest periods or additional support in catching up with lessons, counselling sessions etc.;
- the level of support needed, (some children will be able to take responsibility for their own health needs and this is encouraged), including in emergencies. If a child is self-managing their medicine, this should be clearly stated with appropriate arrangements for monitoring;
- who will provide this support, their training needs, expectations of their role and confirmation of their proficiency to provide support for the child's medical condition from a relevant healthcare professional (where necessary); and cover arrangements for when they are unavailable;
- who in the school needs to be aware of the child's condition and the support required;
- arrangements for written permission from parents and the Head teacher for medicines to be administered by a member of staff, or self-administered by the pupil during school hours;
- any separate arrangements or procedures required for school trips or other activities outside of the normal school timetable that will ensure the child can participate, e.g. risk assessments;
- where confidentiality issues are raised by the parent/child, the designated individuals to be entrusted with information about the child's condition; and
- what to do in an emergency, including whom to contact, and contingency arrangements. If a child has an emergency health care plan prepared by their lead Clinician it will be used to inform development of their IHCP.

IHCPs, (and their review), may be initiated, in consultation with the parent, by a member of school staff or a healthcare professional involved in providing care to the child. Partners should agree who will take the lead in writing the plan, but responsibility for ensuring it is finalised and implemented rests with this school.

Appendix A details how the school will go about developing an IHCP.

An IHCP will be reviewed at least annually and earlier if there is any evidence that a child's needs have changed. This review should also trigger a re-check of any registers held e.g. asthma sufferers with permission to receive emergency salbutamol and may require a re-check of school insurance arrangements especially where a new medical procedure is required.

#### **4.4 Pupils Managing their own Medical Conditions**

After discussion with parents, children who are competent will be encouraged to take responsibility for managing their own medicines and procedures and this will be reflected in their IHCP.

To facilitate this, wherever possible, children will be allowed to carry their own medicines and relevant devices or will be able to access them for self-medication quickly and easily. Children who can take their medicines or manage procedures themselves may require an appropriate level of supervision and this will be reflected in the IHCP too. If it is not appropriate for a child to self-manage, then relevant staff will help to administer medicines and manage procedures for them.

If a child refuses to take medicine or carry out a necessary procedure, staff will not force them to do so, but will follow the procedure agreed in the IHCP as well as inform parents. This is an occurrence that may trigger a review of the IHCP.

#### **4.5 Training**

The Head teacher has overall responsibility for ensuring that there are sufficient trained numbers of staff available in school and off-site accompanying educational visits or sporting activities to

implement the Policy and deliver against all IHCPs, including in contingency and emergency situations. This includes ensuring that there is adequate cover for both planned and unplanned staff absences and there are adequate briefings in place for occasional, peripatetic or supply staff.

Any member of school staff providing support to a pupil with medical needs will receive sufficient training to ensure that they are competent and have confidence in their ability to fulfil the requirements set out in IHCPs. They will need an understanding of the specific medical condition(s) they are being asked to deal with; any implications and preventative measures and staff training needs will be identified during the development or review of IHCPs. It is recognised that some staff may already have some knowledge of the specific support needed by a child with a medical condition and so extensive training may not always be required, but staff who provide support will be included in meetings where training is discussed. The family of a child will often be key in providing relevant information about how their child's needs can be met, and parents will be asked for their views - they should provide specific advice, but will not be the sole trainer.

A relevant healthcare professional, will normally lead on identifying and agreeing with school, the type and level of training required, and how training can be obtained usually through the development of IHCPs. Healthcare professionals can also provide confirmation of the proficiency of staff in a medical procedure, or in providing medicine and school will keep records of training and proficiency checks.

Staff must not give prescription medicines or undertake health care procedures without appropriate training, which school undertakes to update to reflect any IHCPs. A first-aid certificate does not constitute appropriate training in supporting children with medical conditions, but some training could be very simple and delivered by an appropriate person in school – for example basic training covering school procedures for administering a non-emergency prescribed oral medicine.

Staff will be supported in carrying out their role to support pupils with medical conditions as follows:-

1. Whole school awareness to ensure that all staff are aware of the school's Policy for supporting pupils with medical conditions and their role in implementing that Policy.
2. Updates are given at Induction, Staff Inset, staff meetings (minuted) and via specific training when identified as needed. Training includes such areas as 'How to Recognise an Asthma Attack' and 'What to do in the Event of an Asthma Attack' from Department of Health
3. Training will ensure that staff have basic competence to administer non-complex oral or topical medicines. This training is delivered in-house as well because it is about school procedures that must be followed.
4. Staff also undergo specific training to ensure their competence to manage a specified condition and/or administer complex medicines and/or carry out medical procedures –this would be delivered by an appropriate healthcare professional and might include 'epi-pen' administration for example.
  - Staff are trained to have an awareness of safeguarding issues around Fabricated or Induced Illness (FI) – any concerns are raised with the DSL;
  - Staff are aware of the need to record all incidents of administration, having followed the individual pupil permissions, checked medication and dosage instructions, and followed all hygiene requirements.

#### **4.6 Managing Medicines**

This school is committed to the proper management of medicines and there are clear procedures that must be followed.

- Medicines are only to be administered at school when it would be detrimental to a child's health or school attendance not to do so.

- No child under 16 is to be given prescription or non-prescription medicines without their parent's written consent - except in exceptional circumstances where the medicine has been prescribed to the child without the knowledge of the parents. In such cases, every effort will be made to encourage the child concerned to involve their parents while respecting the child's right to confidentiality.
- A child under 16 is never to be given medicine containing aspirin unless prescribed by a doctor. Medicine, e.g. for pain relief, is never to be administered without first checking maximum dosages and when the previous dose was taken. Every effort will be made to contact parents prior to administration, where necessary, to check this and to inform them that pain relief has been given.
- Where clinically possible, medicines should be prescribed in dose frequencies which enable them to be taken outside school hours.
- Only prescribed medicines that are in-date, labelled, provided in the original container as dispensed by a pharmacist and which include instructions for administration, dosage and storage are to be accepted. The exception to this is insulin which must still be in date, but will generally be made available to school inside an insulin pen or a pump, rather than in its original container. This may also be the case for certain emergency administration medicines such as a reliever inhaler for the treatment of an asthma attack or adrenalin for the treatment of anaphylaxis. This is to be made clear within a child's IHCP as appropriate.
- With written parental consent non-prescription medicines can be administered to children e.g. anti-histamines, paracetamol etc. The school will consent to administering in exceptional circumstance e.g. pain relief in an emergency where there will be a significant delay before medical attention can be sought or during a residential trip or where a child requires regular pain relief which doctors refuse to prescribe or where a child does not benefit from a medicine which others can limit to taking outside normal school hours such as the once a day anti-histamine. The head teacher will make decisions on a case by case basis and may need to liaise with the child's GP or practice nurse to ensure school will be acting appropriately.
- The school will only accept medicines brought to school and personally delivered by parents to a named member of staff and Appendix C – Parental Consent to Administer Medicine, contains a parental declaration to that effect. In exceptional circumstances, this may not be reasonable (such as in cases where pupils are transported significant distances to school) and any different course of action will be agreed and form part of the IHCP.
- All medicines are to be stored safely, in their original containers and in accordance with their storage instructions. Medicines can be kept in the reprographics room refrigerator and clearly labelled. Access to this refrigerator is restricted to staff. Children know where their medicines are kept and be able to access them immediately via a member of staff should they need them. Off-site medicine storage will be especially considered as part of the risk assessment process for educational visits.
- When no longer required, medicines will be returned to the parent for them to arrange safe disposal.

#### **4.6.1 Controlled Drugs**

The supply, possession and administration of some medicines e.g. methylphenidate (Ritalin) are strictly controlled by the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 and its associated regulations and are referred to as 'controlled drugs'. Therefore, it is imperative that controlled drugs are strictly managed between school and parents.

Ideally controlled drugs should be brought into school daily by parents and the medicine details and quantity handed over be carefully recorded on the child's own Record of Medicine Administered to an Individual Child sheet (Appendix D). This sheet must be signed by the parent and the receiving member of staff. If a daily delivery is not a reasonable expectation of the parent,

supplies should be limited to no more than one week unless there are exceptional circumstances. In some circumstances, the drugs may be delivered to school by a third party e.g. transport escort. In this case, the medicine should be received in a security sealed container/bag.

We recognise that a child who has been prescribed a controlled drug may legally have it in their possession if they are competent to do so, but passing it to another child for use is an offence. Monitoring arrangements may be necessary and will be agreed on in the IHCP, otherwise school will keep controlled drugs prescribed for a pupil securely stored in a non-portable container to which only named staff will have access. They will still be easily accessible in an emergency and clear records kept of doses administered and the amount of the controlled drug held in school.

School staff may administer a controlled drug to the child for whom it has been prescribed in accordance with the prescriber's instructions and a record will be kept in the same way as for the administration of other medicines. It is considered best practice for the administration of controlled drugs to be witnessed by a second adult. The name of the member of staff administering the drug will be recorded and they will initial under 'Staff initials (1)'. The second member of staff witnessing the administration of controlled drugs will initial under 'Staff initials (2)'. These initial signatures should be legible enough to identify individuals.

#### **4.7 Record Keeping**

School will keep a record of all medicines administered to individual children, stating what, how and how much was administered, when and by whom. Any side effects the pupil experiences are also to be noted.

Where a pupil has a course of or on-going medicine(s) they will have an individual record sheet which a parent should sign when they deliver the medicine (Appendix D: Record of Medicine Administered to an Individual Child).

Where a pupil requires administration or self-administration of a controlled drug they will have an individual record sheet which allows for the signature of a second witness to the administration. Details of receipts and returns of the controlled drug will be accurately recorded on the administration record (see Appendix D).

Where a pupil is given a medicine as a one-off e.g. pain relief, it will be recorded on a general record sheet along with such medicines administered to other children (Appendix E1: Record of Medicine Administered to All Children).

#### **4.8 Emergency Procedures**

The child's IHCP should be the primary reference point for action to take in an emergency. It will clearly state what constitutes an emergency for that child and include immediate and follow-up action.

To ensure the IHCP is effective, adequate briefing of all relevant staff regarding emergency signs, symptoms and procedures is required and will be included in the induction of new staff, re-visited regularly and updated as an IHCP changes. Similarly, appropriate briefings for other pupils are required as far as what to do in general terms i.e. inform a teacher immediately if they think help is needed.

In general, immediately an emergency occurs, the emergency services will be summoned in accordance with normal school emergency procedures and Appendix G.

If a child needs to be taken to hospital, a member of school staff will remain with them until a parent arrives. This may mean that they will need to go to hospital in the ambulance.

#### **4.9 Emergency Salbutamol Inhalers**

Levens CE School does not hold emergency salbutamol inhalers.

- a reliever inhaler; **or**

## **4.10 Allergens**

### **4.10.1 School Meal and Wrap Around Care Providers**

All food handlers i.e. school meal and wraparound care providers (After-School Clubs) receive training in relation to handling all requests for allergen information, the situations in which foods can be cross-contaminated by an allergenic food and the need to cross reference the IHCP for children with food allergies. All food handlers should be given basic training on the signs and symptoms of an allergic reaction and what to do and who to report to should this occur. Basic allergen training must be given to all staff on their first day of employment and before food handling duties commence with records of training kept.

Levens school meals are provided by Dallam School.

School meal and wraparound care providers must liaise directly with school and be made aware of the contents of IHCPs for pupils with allergies.

School meal and wraparound care providers must record the ingredients which are used in each dish which should either displayed in the food preparation area, or be readily available to all relevant staff and keep a copy of the ingredient information on labels of pre-packed foods for example, sauces, desserts etc.

Ingredients must be kept in original containers, or a copy of the labelling information kept in a central place; allergen labelling information must be retained with each product and goods suitably enclosed to prevent cross-contamination with other foods when in storage.

School meal and wraparound care providers ensure that allergen information is kept up to date e.g. if foods purchased are changed or products substituted.

### **4.10.2 Other Food Handlers**

Other potential food handlers (food technology, classroom baking, cookery clubs, nursery and other school staff serving snacks and treats etc.), are aware of the [Major Food Allergens](#) and take this into account for pupils with known allergies and have undertaken basic training and Health and Safety training.

Where appropriate, these are aware of the contents of IHCPs for pupils with allergies and take this into account during practical lessons/sessions.

### **4.10.3 Emergency Situations**

All staff are aware of how to deal with a serious allergic reaction to food – it is not always apparent that a pupil has an allergy until they encounter a particular product. Those who are known to have allergies may well have been issued with emergency medication such as adrenaline in the form of a 'pen'. All staff are aware of where to find the emergency medication and who can be contacted to administer the medication effectively. In all schools, more than one person will need to be trained to administer the medication. Reference should also be made to the KAHSC Safety Series MO2 – Managing Anaphylaxis and Allergies.

## **4.11 Day Trips, Residential Visits and Sporting Activities**

Through development of the IHCP staff will be made aware of how a child's medical condition might impact on their participation in educational visits or sporting activities. Every effort will be made to ensure there is enough flexibility in arrangements so that all children can participate according to their abilities and with any reasonable adjustments. This may include reasonable adjustment of the activities offered to all children i.e. changing a less accessible venue for one that is more so, but can still achieve the same educational aims and objectives. A pupil will only be excluded from an activity if the Head teacher considers, based on the evidence, that no reasonable adjustment can make it safe for them or evidence from a clinician such as a GP states that an activity is not possible for that child.

A risk assessment for an educational visit may need to especially consider planning arrangements and controls required to support a pupil with a medical condition. The IHCP will be used alongside usual school risk assessments to ensure arrangements are adequate. This may also require consultation with parents and pupils and advice from a relevant healthcare professional.

## **4.12 Other Arrangements**

### **4.12.1 Home to School Transport**

While it is the responsibility of the LA to ensure pupil safety on statutory home to school transport the LA may find it helpful to be aware of the contents of a pupil's IHCP that school has prepared.

The LA *must* know if a pupil travels on home to school transport and has a life-threatening condition and carries emergency medicine so that they can develop an appropriate transport healthcare plan. School undertakes to appropriately share IHCP information with the LA for this purpose and will make this clear to parents in the development meeting.

Where transport is organised by the school on a private arrangement with parents, the responsibility for ensuring that the transport operator is aware of a pupil with a life-threatening medical condition rests with the school in consultation with the parents. In some cases, it may be appropriate to share elements of the pupil's IHCP with the transport operator.

## **4.13 Unacceptable Practice**

While it is essential that all staff act in accordance with their training, in any given situation they should be confident in using their discretion and judging each case on its merits with reference to a child's IHCP. It is not however, generally acceptable practice at this school to:

- prevent children from easily accessing their inhalers and medicine and administering their medicines when and where necessary;
- assume that every child with the same condition requires the same treatment;
- ignore the views of the child or their parents; or ignore medical evidence or opinion, (although staff will be supported to appropriately challenge this where they have genuine concerns);
- send children with medical conditions home frequently or prevent them from staying for normal school activities, including lunch, unless this is specified in their individual healthcare plans;
- if the child becomes ill, send them to the school office or medical room unaccompanied or with someone unsuitable;
- penalise children for their attendance record if their absences are related to their medical condition e.g. hospital appointments;
- prevent pupils from drinking, eating or taking toilet or other breaks whenever they need to in order to manage their medical condition effectively;
- require parents, or otherwise make them feel obliged, to attend school to administer medicine or provide medical support to their child, including with toileting issues. No parent should have to give up working because the school is failing to support their child's medical needs; or
- prevent children from participating, or create unnecessary barriers to children participating in any aspect of school life, including school trips, e.g. by requiring parents to accompany the child.

## **4.14 Insurance**

Staff will be appropriately insured to carry out tasks associated with supporting pupils with medical conditions and the Insurance Policy wording is made available to such staff on request to the Headteacher.

The Insurance Policy provides liability cover relating to the administration of medicines and any required healthcare procedures as identified through the IHCP process. (You **must** check this directly with your insurance provider and be clear in your Policy about any specific compliance required, for example with regard to staff training perhaps under [Section 4.5](#). – you may need to request further clarification from your insurer when a new medical procedure is required and it would be sensible to include a commitment here to check this when a new or revised IHCP would seem to demand it as suggested below).

Every IHCP review must consider whether current insurance arrangements remain compatible with any identified changes required. A significant change, for example an entirely new medical procedure required, will be checked as compatible with current insurance arrangements direct with the school's insurers. If current insurance is inadequate for the new procedure additional insurance will be arranged.

#### **4.15 Complaints**

Should parents or pupils be dissatisfied with the support provided they should discuss their concerns directly with the Headteacher. If for whatever reason this does not resolve the issue, they may make a formal complaint through the normal school complaints procedure available from the school website.

## Process for Developing an Individual Healthcare Plan (IHCP)

A parent or healthcare professional informs school that a child with a medical condition:

- has been newly diagnosed; or,
- has had a change in their health needs; or,
- is due to attend this school as a new pupil; or,
- is due to return to this school after a long term absence.

The Head teacher or senior member of school staff to whom this task has been delegated, coordinates a meeting to discuss the child's medical support needs and identifies member(s) of school staff who will provide support to the pupil. With appropriate input from parents and in some cases a healthcare professional as well it may be agreed at this point that an IHCP is unnecessary because there will be no significant information to record on it and this along with any measures in place generally to support the child will be communicated to parents.

A meeting takes place to discuss and agree on the need for an IHCP to include key school staff, the child, parents, relevant healthcare professionals and other medical/health clinicians as appropriate (or to consider written evidence provided by them).

After agreeing who leads on writing it, an IHCP is developed in partnership. Input from a healthcare professional must be provided at this stage.

School staff training needs are identified.

Healthcare professional(s) commission/deliver training and school staff are signed off by the trainer as competent – a review date is agreed.

The IHCP is implemented and circulated to relevant staff.

The IHCP is reviewed annually or when a condition changes – to be initiated by a parent or a healthcare professional or by school due to an incident or identified change in needs or school procedures.

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### Individual Healthcare Plan (IHCP)

<b>School/Setting:</b>				<b>PHOTO</b>
<b>Name of Child:</b>				
<b>Date of Birth:</b>				
<b>Address of Child:</b>				
<b>Gender:</b>	MALE / FEMALE	<b>Class/Form:</b>		
<b>Date:</b>		<b>Review Date:</b>		
<b>Who is responsible for providing support in school?</b>				
<b>Medical Diagnosis or Condition</b>				
<b>EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION</b>				
<b>Family Contact 1</b>			<b>Family Contact 2</b>	
<b>Name:</b>			<b>Name:</b>	
<b>Relationship to Child:</b>			<b>Relationship to Child:</b>	
<b>Work Tel. No:</b>			<b>Work Tel. No:</b>	
<b>Home Tel. No:</b>			<b>Home Tel. No:</b>	
<b>Mobile Tel. No:</b>			<b>Mobile Tel. No:</b>	
<b>Clinic or Hospital Contact</b>			<b>GP Contact</b>	
<b>Name:</b>			<b>Name:</b>	
<b>Contact No:</b>			<b>Contact No:</b>	
<b>Describe the child's medical needs</b> (e.g. details of any symptoms, triggers, signs, treatments, facilities, equipment/devices, environmental issues etc.)				

**Please note:** Some or all of this information may be shared on a *confidential* and *strictly need to know* basis, with adults other than school staff who may be working with children and young people in a paid or voluntary capacity. **Such adults are bound by the school's code of conduct on confidentiality.**

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**Medicine details** (e.g. name of medicine, dose, method of administration, when to be taken, side effects, contra-indications, administered by/self-administered with/without supervision, whether carried by the child and how carried etc.)

--

**Agreed procedure if the medicine or procedures are refused by the child**

--

**Daily care requirements** (e.g. before sports activities, at lunchtime etc.)

--

**Specific support in place for any educational, social and emotional needs** (include re-integration and any partnership working following absences e.g. Local Authority hospital/home tuition services etc. and sensitive management of re-integration after serious or embarrassing incidents at school.

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**Arrangements for educational visits or other activities outside the normal timetable**

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<b>Other Information</b>
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<b>Describe what constitutes an emergency and the action to take if this occurs</b>
---

Permission held to administer <b>salbutamol</b> in an asthma emergency.	YES	NO	N/A
---	-----	----	-----

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<b>Describe any follow-up care required</b>
---

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<b>Who is responsible in an emergency?</b> (Please state if different for different activities e.g. off-site etc.):
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--

<b>Staff training needs identified or already undertaken</b> (e.g. names of staff trained, what training they have received and when, along with any plans to train others and when)
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--

<b>Plan developed with:</b> (e.g. child, parents, healthcare professional, therapist etc.)
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<b>Print Name</b>	<b>Signature</b>	<b>Relationship to child:</b>	<b>Date</b>
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**Form copied to** (Please state who holds copies of this information and where):

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## Parental Consent to Administer Medicine (without MP signature)

This school/setting will not give your child medicine unless it is in accordance with our Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions Policy and Procedures **and** you complete and sign this form.

<b>School/Setting:</b>			
<b>Name of Child:</b>		<b>Gender:</b>	MALE / FEMALE
<b>Date of Birth:</b>		<b>Class/Form:</b>	
<b>Date for review to be initiated by:</b>			
<b>Medical diagnosis, condition or illness</b>			
<b>MEDICINE(S)</b>			
<b>Name/type of medicine(s)</b> (as described on the container)			
<b>Expiry date</b>			
<b>Dosage and method of administration</b>			
<b>Timing</b>			
<b>Special precautions or other instructions</b> e.g. with food etc.			
<b>Side effects that the school/ setting must know about</b>			
<b>Can the child self-administer?</b>	YES / NO	<b>If YES is supervision required?</b>	YES / NO
<b>Does any medicine need to be carried by the child on their person, what and where will they keep it?</b>	YES / NO		
<b>Procedures to take in an emergency</b>			

**PLEASE NOTE: medicines must be in the original containers as dispensed by the pharmacy.**

<b>CONTACT INFORMATION</b>			
<b>Name:</b>			
<b>Relationship to Child:</b>			
<b>Address:</b>		<b>Work Tel. No:</b>	
		<b>Home Tel. No:</b>	
		<b>Mobile Tel. No:</b>	
I understand that I must deliver the medicine personally to: (name the agreed member(s) of staff)			
I understand that my child must have a working, in-date and sufficiently full inhaler, clearly labelled with their name, which they will bring with them every day.		YES NO N/A	
I consent to my child receiving, in an asthma emergency, salbutamol which has not been prescribed to them.		YES NO N/A	
The above information is, to the best of my knowledge, accurate at the time of writing and I consent to school/setting staff administering medicine in accordance with the Policy. I will inform the school/setting immediately, in writing, if there is any change in dosage or frequency of the medicine or if the medicine is stopped.			

**Signed:**

**Date:**

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**PLEASE NOTE: medicines must be in the original containers as dispensed by the pharmacy.**

Can the child self-administer?	YES / NO	If YES is supervision required?	YES / NO (if YES, please detail e.g. visual only, guiding hand, measure check only etc.)		
Does any medicine need to be carried by the child on their person, what and where will they keep it?		YES / NO (if YES, please give details):			
Procedures to follow in an emergency:					
<b>EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION</b>					
Name:				Relationship to Child:	
Address:				Work Tel. No:	
				Home Tel. No:	
				Mobile Tel. No:	
<b>Parental Declarations</b>					
I understand that I must deliver the medicine personally to: (name the agreed member(s) of staff)					
I understand that my child must have a working, in-date and sufficiently full inhaler, clearly labelled with their name, which they will bring with them every day.					YES NO N/A
I consent to my child receiving, in an asthma emergency, salbutamol which has not been prescribed to them.					YES NO N/A
The above information is, to the best of my knowledge, accurate at the time of writing and I consent to school/setting staff administering medicine in accordance with the Policy. I will inform the school/setting immediately, in writing, if there is any change in dosage or frequency of the medication or if the medicine is stopped.					
Signed:				Print Name:	Date:
<b>Medical Practitioner Declaration</b>					
The above information is, to the best of my professional knowledge of this child, accurate. I agree that, in order to adequately support this child at school with their medical condition(s), school staff need to administer or facilitate and/or supervise the self-administration of the medicines or treatments described above.					
Signed:				Print Name:	Date:
Professional Relationship to Child:				Recommended Date of Review/Review Trigger:	

## Record of Medicine Administered to an Individual Child

All medicines administered to individual children must be recorded on this sheet.

In addition, the supply, possession and administration of some medicines are strictly controlled by the Misuse of Drugs Act and its associated regulations and are referred to as 'controlled drugs'. Examples would include methylphenidate (Ritalin), Midazolam, Diazepam etc. In the case of controlled drugs, it is best practice for the administration of such substances to be witnessed by a second adult. Record the name of the member of staff administering the drug and they should initial under 'Staff initials (1)'. The second member of staff witnessing the administration of controlled drugs should initial under 'Staff initials (2)'. These initial signatures should be legible enough to identify individuals.

The quantity of controlled drugs received from and returned to parents must be carefully accounted for and recorded on this sheet.

<b>Name of school/setting:</b>									
<b>Name of child:</b>					<b>Date of Birth:</b>			<b>Class/Form:</b>	
<b>Name and strength of medicine:</b>									
<b>Dose and frequency of medicine:</b>									
<b>Date medicine received from parent:</b>			<b>Expiry date of medicine:</b>			<b>Date medicine returned to parent:</b>			
<b>Quantity of medicine received:</b>						<b>Quantity returned to parent:</b>			
<b>Staff Signature:</b>					<b>Parent Signature:</b>				

**PLEASE NOTE: parents must be informed of the non-administration of medicine that is due - record the reason for non-administration under 'Any reaction'**

<b>Date:</b>								
<b>Time given:</b>								
<b>Dose given:</b>								
<b>Any reaction?</b>								
<b>Name of staff administering:</b>								
<b>Staff initials (1):</b>								
<b>Staff initials (2):</b>								



<b>Date:</b>								
<b>Time given:</b>								
<b>Dose given:</b>								
<b>Any reaction?</b>								
<b>Name of staff administering:</b>								
<b>Staff initials (1):</b>								
<b>Staff initials (2):</b>								

<b>Date:</b>								
<b>Time given:</b>								
<b>Dose given:</b>								
<b>Any reaction?</b>								
<b>Name of staff administering:</b>								
<b>Staff initials (1):</b>								
<b>Staff initials (2):</b>								

<b>Date:</b>								
<b>Time given:</b>								
<b>Dose given:</b>								
<b>Any reaction?</b>								
<b>Name of staff administering:</b>								

<b>Staff initials (1):</b>								
<b>Staff initials (2):</b>								







## Staff Training Record – Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions

This form is for recording all training delivered to staff (and as appropriate volunteers) with the aim of supporting pupils with medical conditions, including the Whole School Awareness briefing.

<b>Name of School/Setting:</b>			
<b>Name(s) of Staff:</b>			
<b>Type of Training Received:</b> Describe in brief what was covered e.g. Whole School Awareness (and the content of it), physiotherapy, administering medicine, tube feeding etc.			
<b>Date Training Completed:</b>			
<b>Name of Trainer:</b>			
<b>Training Provider:</b> Organisation, profession and job title of the person delivering the training.			
I confirm that the above named member(s) of staff received the training detailed above and they are competent to carry out any necessary treatment.			
Date by which I recommend this training be updated:			
<b>Trainer Signature:</b>		<b>Date:</b>	
I confirm that I have received the training detailed above.			
<b>Staff Signature(s):</b>		<b>Date:</b>	

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## Summoning Emergency Services

**To summon an ambulance, press the green call button to get the outside line followed by 999, ask for an ambulance and be ready with the following information.**

<b>Your telephone number including any extension number. – 015395 60694</b>	
<b>Your name.</b>	
<b>Your location.</b>	<b>Levens CE School, Church Road, Levens Kendal.</b>
<b>Your location postcode.</b>	<b>LA8 8PU</b>
<b>The exact location of the patient within the school.</b>	
<b>The name of the patient and a brief description of their symptoms.</b>	
<b>The best entrance for the ambulance crew to use and state they will be met and taken to the patient.</b>	

**Display a suitably amended copy of this form close to any phone that might reasonably be used to summon emergency services**

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## Template Letter Inviting Parents to Contribute to the Development of Their Child's Individual Healthcare Plan

Dear Parent

### DEVELOPING AN INDIVIDUAL HEALTHCARE PLAN FOR YOUR CHILD

Thank you for informing us of your child's medical condition. I enclose a copy of the school's Policy for supporting pupils at school with medical conditions for your information.

A central requirement of the Policy is for an Individual Healthcare Plan to be prepared, setting out what support your child needs and how this will be provided. Individual Healthcare Plans are developed in partnership between the school, parents, pupils, and the relevant healthcare professional who can advise on your child's case. The aim is to ensure that we know how to support your child effectively and to provide clarity about what needs to be done, when and by whom. Although Individual Healthcare Plans are likely to be helpful in the majority of cases, it is possible that not all children will require one. We will need to make judgements about how your child's medical condition impacts on their ability to participate fully in school life, and the level of detail within plans will depend on the complexity of their condition and the degree of support needed.

A meeting to start the process of developing your child's Plan has been scheduled for xx/xx/xx. I hope that this is convenient for you and would be grateful if you could confirm whether you are able to attend. The meeting will involve the following people:

(State the names and relevant positions of people who will attend)

Please let us know if you would like us to invite another medical practitioner, healthcare professional or specialist and provide any other information you would like us to consider at the meeting as soon as possible.

If you are unable to attend, it would be helpful if you could complete the attached individual healthcare plan template and return it, together with any relevant evidence, for consideration at the meeting. I [or another member of staff involved in plan development or pupil support] would be happy for you contact me [them] by email or to speak by phone if this would be helpful.

Yours sincerely

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